

# Property Tax Relief Does it Exist?

**April 21, 2022** 



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@txtaxpayers

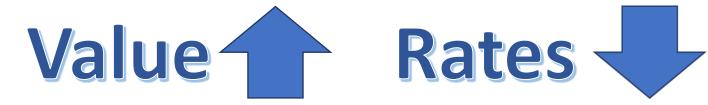
#### **Property Tax Equation - Taxpayer**



- Focus always seems to be on Value.
  - Why? Value is personal and it is the one thing a taxpayer feels they can control.
  - Market is the Market
  - Increasing Value or Wealth in an asset should always be a good thing, right?

#### **Property Tax Equation – Taxing Unit**

- Levy = Revenue needed to fund a budget that is adopted each year.
- Tax Rate is adopted from year to year and moves based on value or the desired level of revenue of the taxing unit
- Value and Rates should have an inverse relationship.







#### Who determines your Tax?



#### Sticker Shock Valuation Headlines

'Never Lubbock County h Travis County median home value jumps to \$632,000 — a \$200,000 this' Property Values to 5 increase over 2021 Growth and market are projected to push Comal's taxable values up by 30-50% new Tresidential property value, taxes increasing

Property taxes are expected to rise as well.



KTRH Local Houston and Texas News

# Property Owners Getting A Shock From The Latest Appraisals

#### **Governor Abbott's Taxpayer Bill of Rights**

## REDUCE SCHOOL PROPERTY TAX RATES

1. Reduce the school district property tax rates across the state every year.

#### **LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEBT**

1. Require local government debt be passed by a two-thirds supermajority of the local governing body, and local bond issues not included on the November ballot to pass by a two-thirds supermajority of voters.

#### EMPOWER HOMEOWNERS AND PROPERTY OWNERS TO REDUCE THEIR TAXES

- 1. Offer taxpayers a discount for paying their property taxes in full early or allow the payments to be split either quarterly or semiannually without penalty.
- 2. Give new homeowners an automatic reduction in the taxable value of their property if the purchase price of their home is lower than the value of the tax rolls.
- 3. Provide real appraisal reform to make the system more transparent and taxpayer friendly. Homeowners will have their rights restored in the property tax protest process and stop the appraisers from endlessly dragging out property tax disputes.
- 4. Provide a property tax exemption on small business equipment.

## **Key House Interim Charges - Property Tax Relief**

- Ways and Means Committee
  - Consider methods of providing additional property tax relief, including using remaining federal pandemic relief funds, as well as reducing business property tax burdens and limiting the growth of property tax bills
  - Study Texas property tax appraisal system, including
    - Assessing appraisal accuracy and the operational efficiency of appraisal districts
    - Evaluating the method of selecting chief appraisers, appraisal review boards, and appraisal district boards of directors
    - Evaluate existing appraisal protections for taxpayers

## **Key Senate Interim Charges - Property Tax Relief**

- Senate Education Committee
  - Homestead Exemption: Study the use and effect of the optional homestead exemption available to independent school districts. Examine and report on costs to the state if school districts receive incentives to increase the optional percentage exemption
- Senate Finance Committee
  - **Property Tax Relief:** Examine and recommend ways to reduce Texans' property tax burden. Review and report on proposals to use or dedicate state revenues in excess of the state spending limit to eliminate the school district maintenance and operations property tax.
  - **Inflation:** Review and report on the impact of inflation on units of local governments' revenue collections and property taxpayers' tax bills, including the homestead exemption.

## **Key Senate Interim Charges - Property Tax Relief**

- Senate Local Government Committee
  - **Property Tax Reform:** Review the effect of Senate Bill 2 (86th Legislature), the Texas Property Tax Reform and Transparency Act of 2019, and related legislation passed by the 87th Legislature. Make recommendations for further property tax reform and relief.
  - Appraisal Reform: Review the implementation of Senate Bill 63, House Bill 988, and other related legislation passed by 87th Legislature. Make recommendations to ensure appraisal guidelines are effective and taxpayers have enforcement mechanisms.
  - **Bond Elections:** Review and report on voter participation and bond election result differences between November and May elections. Make recommendations for improved voter turnout, increased election efficiencies, and better accountability of local debt.
  - Efficiency Audits: Study the concept of efficiency audits for cities, counties and special purpose districts and under what circumstances they should be performed.

## Go back in time - 2019 Property Tax Reforms



#### HB 3 and SB 2 - Property Tax Relief Elements

- 86<sup>th</sup> Regular Session
- HB 3 by Rep. Huberty (R-Humble) & Senator Taylor (R-Friendswood)
  - School Finance Focused
  - Key Relief Elements:
    - Sets in statute M&O rate compression based on school district valuation growth.
    - Increases the state share of public education funding.
    - Requires tax ratification election for rates limiting school tax growth to 2.5%.
- SB 2 by Senator Bettencourt (R-Houston) & Rep. Burrows (R-Lubbock)
  - Local Government Focused
  - Key Relief Elements:
    - Limited county and city tax or revenue increase to 3.5% from 8% without voter approval.
    - Any tax or revenue increase above 3.5% requires voter approval.
    - Created the real-time tax notice website

#### **Real-time Tax Notice Website**

- Texas.gov/PropertyTaxes
- Find information on the rate calculation, budget adoption hearings, and rate adoption hearings specific to each taxing unit that a property resides in.

# Property Tax Transparency in Texas

The budgets adopted by taxing units and the tax rates they set to fund those budgets play a significant role in determining the amount of taxes each property owner pays. In 2019, the Texas Legislature passed legislation to help Texans better understand tax rates in their home county. You can access timely information about how local tax rate decisions affect your tax bill on your county's Truth in Taxation website.

Find your county's website

#### **TTARA** Research Report on 2019 Reforms



Research Report

April 2022

#### **Relief from Rising Values**

2019 Property Tax Reforms Cutting Tax Rates at a Record Pace

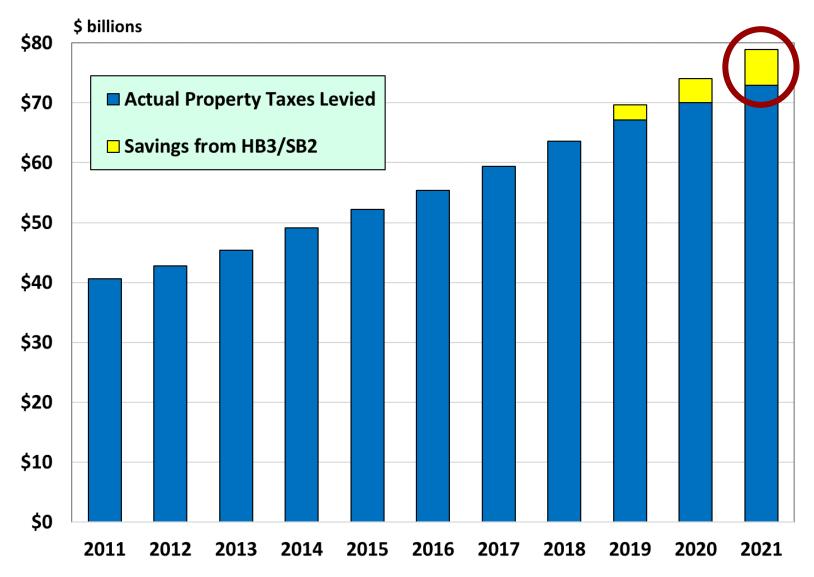
Appraisal notices will be in the mail soon, and Texas property owners need to be prepared for the sticker shock that home shoppers have been experiencing the past year. BUT, unlike years past, rising appraisals aren't likely to drive tax bills through the stratosphere. The massive property tax reforms of 2019 are protecting property owners from their appraisals.

Texas' hot real estate market is driving up property values, and the truth is, many of those sky-high appraisals simply reflect the current market; however,

Texas property tax bills would have been \$6 billion, or 8%, higher in 2021 had it not been for property tax reforms lawmakers enacted recently (Figure 1).

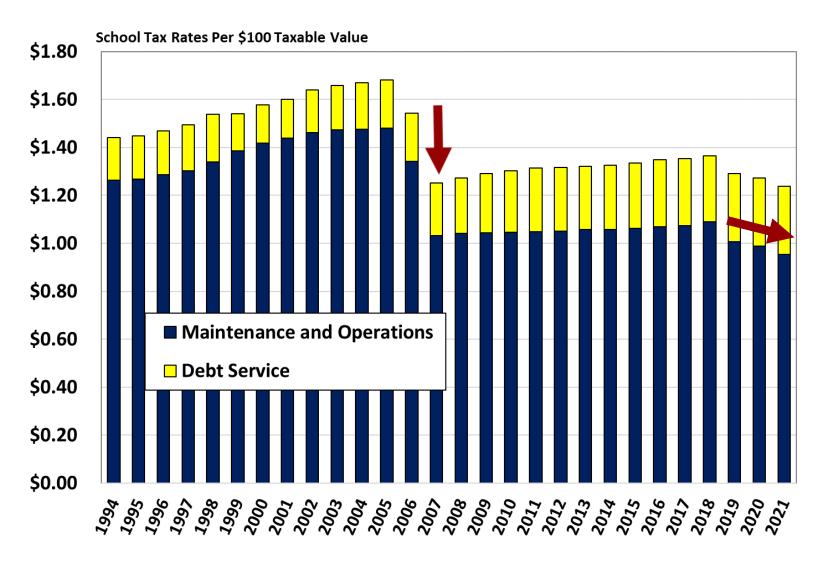
HB 3 and SB 2 constrained the ability of taxing jurisdictions to raise the amount of property taxes they collect without the approval of their voters. HB 3 essentially limits school tax growth to 2.5%, while SB 2 limits most other large taxing units to increases of 3.5% before voters must approve. And the timing couldn't be any better, as the housing market in Texas

#### The Impact of HB 3 and SB 2 – Tax Bills



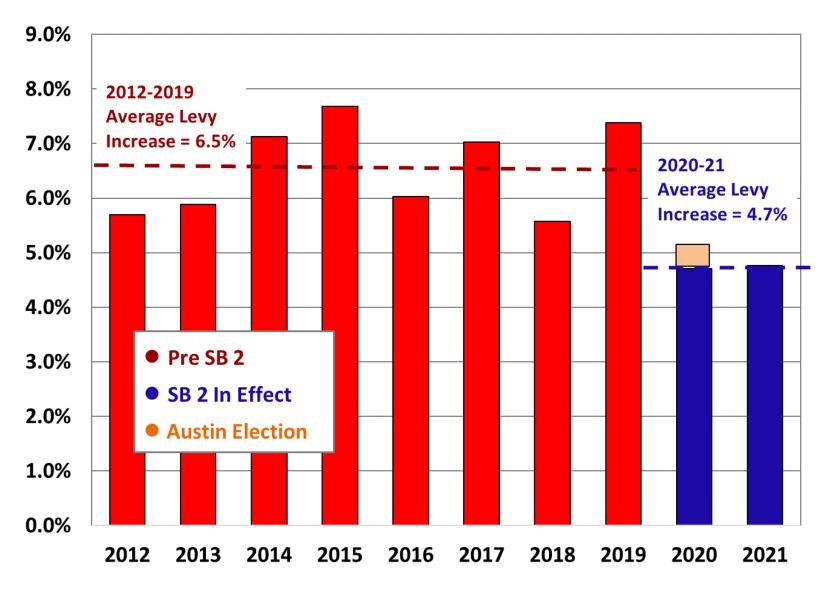
- Tax bills would have been an estimated <u>\$6 Billion</u> higher in 2021.
- A 10% valuation increase no longer means a 10% increase to the tax bill, but rather only a 3-5% increase in overall tax bill.

#### **HB 3 – School District M&O Rate Compression**



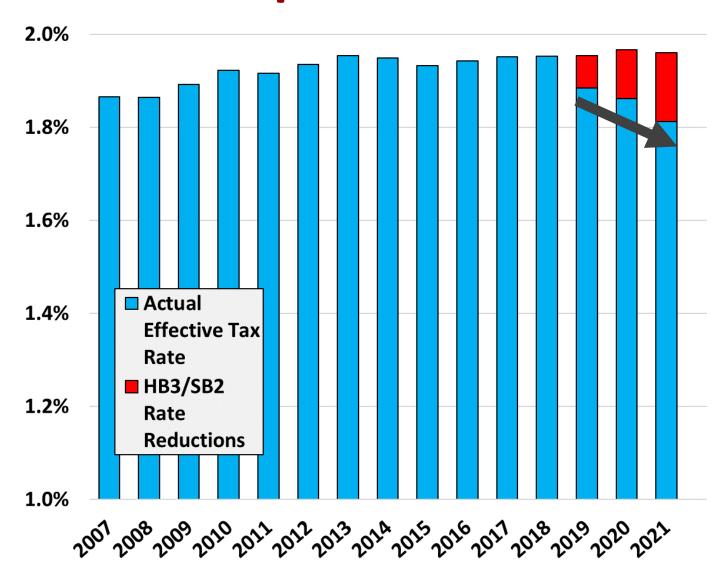
- 2007 M&O Tax rates compressed by 50 cents - \$1.50 to \$1.00. Cities and Counties filled the void
- School district rates since 2019 are on the decline.
- Statewide property value growth above 2.5% is used to compress school M&O tax rates down as values rise.

#### SB 2 – City, County, & Special District Increases



- Limited tax revenue growth from 8% to 3.5% for Cities and Counties.
- Special District remain at the 8% limitation.
- Any increase above the limitation requires voter-approval.
- Lowered the overall increase in taxes to 4.7% down from 6.5%
- Note the Austin Impact: Voter approved tax increase.

#### The Impact of HB 3 and SB 2 – Tax Rates



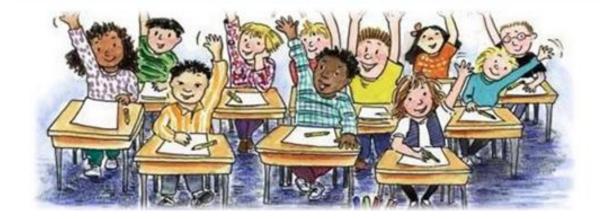
- Total effective property tax rates are declining from around 1.95% to 1.81%.
- With the monumental rise in valuations in 2022 the downward trend should continue.

#### **TTARA** Research Report on School Finance

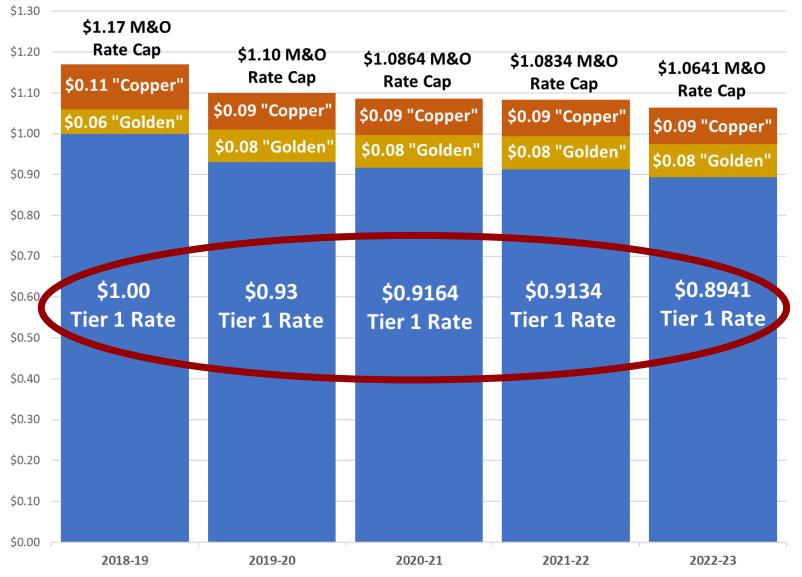
# An Introduction to School Finance in Texas

Fifth Edition
Revised March 2022

Incorporates changes made by HB 3, 86th Legislature and HB 1525, 87th Legislature



#### **School District M&O Tax Rate Compression**



#### **Homestead Exemptions**

- A homestead exemption removes value from the tax roll.
- Allows the Legislature to pick winners and losers across categories or properties.
  - Typically, is geared only towards the homeowners at the expense of business.
  - Creates a split tax roll.
  - Shifts of tax burden from one set of taxpayers to another.
- History has shown the Legislature will lean towards a homestead exemption when faced with a last-minute property tax relief decision.
  - 1997: 75<sup>th</sup> Legislature Increased homestead exemption by \$10,000 (to \$15,000)
  - 2015: 84<sup>th</sup> Legislature Increased homestead exemption by \$10,000 (to \$25,000)

#### **Homestead Exemptions**

- 87<sup>th</sup> Legislature 3<sup>rd</sup> Called Special Session
- SB 1 by Senator Bettencourt and House Sponsor Chairman Meyer

Senate Version		House Version		Conference Committee	
General revenue dollars used to provide a <i>one-time</i> reduction in school tax rates by roughly \$0.066 per \$100 of value, benefitting all property owners; could grow to \$0.13 if revenue available.		Federal pandemic relief money used to provide a one-time \$525 check to homeowners.		A combination of general revenue dollars and less tax rate compression to permanently increase the homestead exemption against school taxes by \$15,000 (subject to voter approval).	
Business Relief: Homeowner Relief: Total Avg Homeowner Sav	\$1.0 bl \$1.0 bl \$2.0 bl ings = ~\$175	Business Relief: Homeowner Relief: Total Avg Homeowner Che	\$0.0 bl \$3.0 bl \$3.0 bl ck = \$525	Business "Relief:" Homeowner Relief: Total Avg Homeowner Saving	(\$0.1 bl.) \$0.5 bl. \$0.4 bl. gs = ~\$122

#### **Appraisal Caps**

- Appraisal Caps = Value Limitations = Value Freezes
- Allows the Legislature to pick winners and losers across categories or properties.
  - Typically, is geared only towards the homeowners at the expense of business.
  - Creates a split tax roll.
  - Shifts of tax burden from one set of taxpayers to another.
- Appraisal caps do not cap tax rates.
- Last Session Bills
  - Several bills filed last session to lower the homestead appraisal cap
    - 1. From 10% to 5%
    - 2. From 10% to 3.5%

#### **Relief for Rental Properties??**

- Over 1/3 of housing units in Texas are Renter-occupied.
- Property taxes typically flow through to the renter.
- Homestead Exemption and Appraisal Cap style of property tax relief creates a residential split role where the same floorplan in the same neighborhood could be taxed at dramatically different values.

\$400,000 Appraised Value
-\$0 Homestead
-\$0 Appraisal Cap
\$400,000 Assessed Value
x\$1.81 per 100 tax rate
\$7,240 Property Taxes



Homestead



\$400,000 Appraised Value
-\$25,000 ISD Homestead
-\$80,000 20% Homestead
-\$48,000 Appraisal Cap
\$247,000 Assessed Value
x\$1.81 per 100 tax rate
\$4,470 Property Taxes

\$2,769 Difference

VS.

#### **Relief for Rental Properties??**

- Scenario with no cap or homestead exemption would mean equal tax for both properties.
- Tax Rate would drop, and both would pay \$5,855 each.

\$400,000 Appraised Value
-\$0 Hornestead
-\$0 Appraisal Cap
\$400,000 Assessed Value
x\$1.81 per 100 tax rate
\$7,240 Property Taxes



Homestead



\$400,000 Appraised Value
-\$25,000 ISD Homestead
-\$80,000 20% Homestead
-\$48,000 Appraisal Cap
\$247,000 Assessed Value
x\$1.81 per 100 tax rate
\$4,470 Property Taxes

\$0 Difference

VS.

#### **Additional School M&O Rate Compression**

- Decision Point: Temporary vs. Permanent Compression
- Where do the funds come from?

#### **General Revenue Surplus**

From Comptroller's Certification Estimate \$12.0 billion

**Economic Stabilization Fund Balance** 

Entering 2023 \$12.6\* billion

Federal Pandemic Relief Aid Yet-to-be-spent \$3.0 billion

Grand Total \$27.6 billion

Note: An additional \$4.2 billion will be transferred to the Economic Stabilization Fund in early 2024

#### **Tax Swaps**

Calls to "Eliminate the Property Tax"

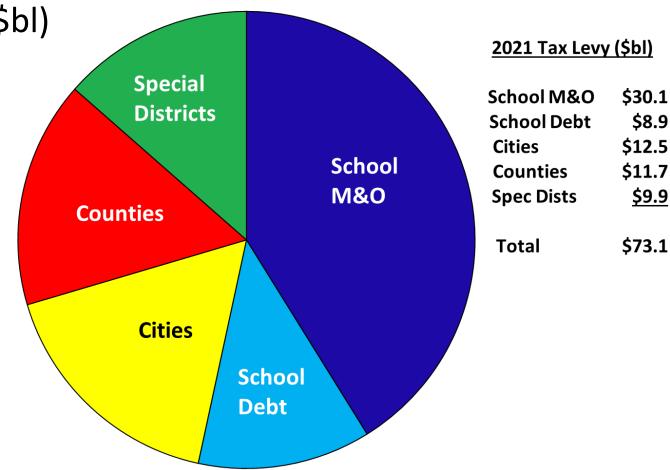
Fiscal 2021 State Tax Collections (\$bl)

State Sales Tax	\$36.0
Motor Vehicle Tax	\$5.7
Franchise Tax	\$4.5
Motor Fuels Tax	\$3.6

Oil & Gas Production Tax \$5.0

All Other Taxes \$6.6

Total \$61.4



#### **Bond Elections**

• Bond Election Quote from an Austin American Stateman Article, circa 2014

"I have voted for every park, every library, all the school improvements, for the light rail, for anything that will make this city better. But now I can't afford to live here anymore."

#### **Bond Elections**

- Every bond election is a vote for or against a TAX INCREASE.
- Disclaimer: Not all bond elections are wasteful tax increases, some capital projects financed by the bond election are very much needed in the community.
- Debt Service is the cumulative annual payment of all approved bond elections plus some nonvoter-approved debt.

# Debt Rate = Debt Service / Tax Roll

- As debt service decreases the debt rate decreases.
- As taxable value increase the debt rate decreases.
- **DON'T BE FOOLED** by a taxing unit saying a bond election will not increase your taxes.

## **A Parting Thought**

## Do Not Forget About The Tax Rate!

#### Thank you!

# If you have any questions or comments, please feel free to contact TTARA staff.

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